

Republic of the Philippines PROVINCE OF LEYTE City of Baybay -0000000-

OFFICE OF THE SANGGUNIANG PANLUNGSOD

Excerpt from the Minutes of the 29th Regular Session of the Sangguniang Panlungsod, this city, held on August 13, 2018

CITY ORDINANCE NO. 10, S. 2018

(Sponsored by Honorable Hon. Vicente Victor G. Veloso and Atty. Ernesto M. Butawan)

"AN ORDINANCE INSTITUTIONALIZING THE MOSQUITO BORNE DISEASES CONTROL PROGRAM AND SERVICES OF THE CITY OF BAYBAY, LEYTE AND PROVIDING FUNDS THEREOF"

WHEREAS, Mosquitoes can transmit many infectious diseases that are caused by a variety of microorganisms to people, that are affecting tropical countries like the Philippines.

WHEREAS, In the Philippines, the mosquito-borne diseases include dengue, Chikungunya, Japanese Encepahlitis, Malaria, and Filariasis.

WHERREAS, Dengue and Chikungunya are both caused by RNA viruses, and are transmitted by the same mosquitoes, Aedes aegypti and Aedes albopicttus, which are endemic in the Philippines.

WHEREAS, Dengue Updates from the Department of Health (DOH) epidemiology bureau reports that from January 1 to September 19, 2015 a total of 92,807 dengue cases were record across the country which is twenty-three and five percent (23%) higher compared to the 75,117 dengue cases with the same period last year.

WHEREAS, Department of Health (DOH), Region VIII updates a total of 671 confirmed dengue cases in Eastern Visayas from January to August 2015.

WHEREAS, The City Health Office, City of Baybay updates a total of 137 confirmed dengue cases in the city from January to July 9, 2018.

WHEREAS, the number of cases were reported to have steadily increased not only in our locality but throughout the country in which there is a dire need to eliminate these vectors through an effective dengue prevention plan and strategies.

WHEREAS, with the rise in the alarm level of Dengue Cases, there must be a strengthened and institutionalized Dengue Control Program and /services in the City for an effective management of dengue prevention.

NOW, THEREFORE, on motion of HON. Ernesto Butawan, duly seconded by Hon. Vicente Veloso, Hon. Edgar Ompoy,

BE IT ORDAINED, by the Sangguniang Panlungsod of City of Baybay in session that:

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ARTICLE I

This Ordinance shall be known as the "MOSQUITO-BORNE DISEASES CONTROL PROGRAM OF CITY OF BAYBAY, LEYTE ORDINANCE"

ARTICLE II STATEMENT OF POLICY AND OBJECTIVES

- 1) It is the policy of the state, the Province of Leyte and the City of Baybay to adopt an integrated and comprehensive approach to health development which shall endeavor to make essential goods, health and other social services available to all people at affordable cost. There shall be priority for the needs of the underprivileged, sick, elderly, disabled, women and children.
- 2) It is a national policy that importance be given to the role of health in both local and national affairs, the people's right being constitutionally recognized.
- 3) Dengue is the most rapidly spreading mosquito-borne viral disease in the world that may cause hospitalization, possible blood transfusion, and even death. If not prevented and controlled, this can cause an outbreak of dengue which can become a public health concern of the city.
- 4) It is the objective of this ordinance to monitor and prevent the outbreak of dengue virus through the establishment of a City Dengue Task force in the city level to be replicated in the 92 barangays.

ARTICLE III DEFINITION OF TERMS

he following terms and phrases when used under the Ordinance shall mean as follows:

- a) Aedes Aegypti a mosquito species that is totally black with white "spots" on the body and head regions and has white rings on the legs and known carrier of dengue virus.
- b) Brigade refers to local Barangay Dengue and other tropical diseases Brigade.
- c) Dengue also known as dengue fever is cause by several related viruses (four different arboviruses). It is spread by the bite of mosquitoes, most commonly the mosquito Aedes aegypti, which is found in tropic and subtropic regions.
- d) Malaria a fatal disease that is caused Plasmodium Falciparum transmitted by Anopheles mosquito, which is endemic in all provinces of the country which most cases occur in rural areas, especially in forested, swampy, hilly and mountainous regions.
- e) Japanese Encephalitis transmitted by Culex mosquitoes although generally benign patients infected with Japanese Encephalitis Virus (JEV) develop inflammation of the brain, which can be fatal especially in children.
- f) Chikungunya have things in common with Dengue as both are RNA virus and are transmitted by same mosquitoes, but generally more benign, although produces more severe and incapacitating joint pains.
- g) Filariasis cause by microscopic thread-like worm, transmitted by Aedes, Culex, and Anoepheles mosquitoes which needs repeated mosquito bites over several months to years, which most people will stay assymtomatic, but a small percentage will develop elepanthiasis, in which the limbs, genitals organs, and the breast swell to monstrous proportions.
- h) Zika Virus causes a condition called microcephaly, which causes newborn babies to be born with smaller heads, along with development malformations.
- i) Hygiene refers to practices associated with ensuring good health and cleanliness.
- j) Indiscriminate Fogging a process by use of equipment to deliver the insecticide in very tiny particles which drives away the mosquitoes to other areas.
- k) Misting spreading of larvicidal agents to mosquito breeding sites.
- Sanitation the hygienic disposal or recycling of waste, as well as the policy and practice for protecting health through hygiene measures.

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- m) Tropical Disease are diseases that are prevalent in or unique to tropical and subtropical regions and covers vector borne disease as well as dengue, intestinal helminthiases, schistosomiases, filariases and TB.
- n) Vaccine a medical preparation used to establish immunity to a disease.
- o) Vector Borne Disease A disease that is transmitted to humans or other animals by an insect or other arthropod (e.g. dengue, cholera, filariasis, amoeba, schistosomiasis, leptospirosis)
- **p)** Aedes-free being free of the genus of the mosquitoes transmitting diseases such as yellow fever and dengue fever.
- q) Outbreak the sudden occurrence or widespread of dengue.

ARTICLE IV THE BAYBAY CITY MOSQUITO-BORNE DISEASES TASK FORCE

There hereby created the BAYBAY CITY MOSQUITO-BORNE DISEASES TASK FORCE for the purpose of monitoring and overseeing the implementation of the provisions of the Ordinance.

SECTION 1. Composition of the Baybay City Mosquito-Borne Diseases Task Force The Baybay City Dengue Task Force shall be composed of the following:

Chairman

City Mayor

Vice-Chairman

City Health Officer

Members

Chairman SB Committee on Health

ABC President

DepEd School Supervisor

- Principal, Baybay national High school

City Budget officer

- District School Nurse

- Rural Sanitary Inspector

Surveillance officer

The membership to the council maybe increased by the Sangguniang Panlungsod through recommendation of the majority of the council. Likewise, the City Mayor is hereby granted authority to appoint/designate other members' council.

SECTION 2. Functions of the Baybay City Mosquito-Borne Diseases Task Force.

The primary function of the Baybay City Mosquito-Borne Diseases Task Force shall be to establish programs and policies on the prevention and control of dengue in the City of Baybay. It shall have the following powers and functions, to wit;

- a) To create in every component Barangay a Local Dengue Brigade and enjoin schools, Transport Groups, NGO's, PNP, and to other concerned organization in the locality to support the program.
- b) To regularly monitor the incidence or occurrence of dengue and in all barangays of city of Baybay.
- c) To order the immediate implementation of all remedial measures as prescribed by DOH in the vent that Baybay City or a Barangay has been found to be positive of dengue.
- d) To have simultaneous Barangay wide clean-up drive every first Friday of the Month enjoining participation of all stakeholders and the entries listed in item "a" of this section.
- e) to campaign for and ensure the activation of the Baybay City Mosquito-Borne Diseases Task Force counterpart: Barangay Mosquito-Borne Diseases Brigade.
- f) To support the planning, implementation and monitoring of Mosquito-Borne Diseases control program that are already existing or implemented by both the local and national government.

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ARTICLE V BARANGAY MOSQUITO-BORNE DISEASES BRIGADE

There shall be created in each of the 92 barangays in the City of Baybay, the Barangay Dengue Brigade (BDB) which shall be composed of the following:

Chairman

Punong Barangay

Members

Kagawad chairman on Health

- Catchment Midwife

- Barangay Treasurer

Barangay Health Worker

Barangay Nutrition Scholar

- Barangay Tanod

School Principal/Dep Ed Representative

- Parent Leader

- DOH NDP

ARTICLE VI FUNCTIONS OF THE BARANGAY MOSQUITO-BORNE DISEASES BRIGADE

The primary function of the Barangay Mosquito-Borne Diseases Brigade will be to enforce the programs and policies as promulgated by the Baybay City Mosquito-Borne Diseases Brigades will be to enforce the programs and policies as promulgated by the Baybay City Mosquito-Borne Diseases Task Force, as follows:

- a) to conduct educational and informational campaign on the prevention and control of dengue and other tropical diseases with emphases on the 4S's in preventing the outbreak of dengue.
 - 1). Search and Destroy
 - 2). Self-protection
 - 3). Seek early treatment
 - 4). Say "NO" to indiscriminate fogging
- b) To encourage an Aedes-free environment through the following;
 - i. To encourage all residents in the Barangay to observe proper disposal of garbage,
 - ii. Encourage residents to observe the absence of stagnant water
 - iii. Encourage residents to observe the 4' o'clock daily habit of cleaning the surroundings.
 - iv. Requiring all vulcanizing and battery repair shops as well as other similar business establishment that store stagnant water to cover these containers to prevent mosquitoes from breeding in these areas;
 - v. Requiring owners of vacant lots to keep their properties free of breeding grounds for Aedes mosquitoes.
 - vi. Ensure that Barangay Officials are responsible for maintaining the cleanliness in their respective barangays:
 - vii. Ensure that Barangay Officials are responsible for ensuring that canals are free of stagnant

water,

- viii. ensure that schools are certified by the sanitary inspector to be free of Aedes breeding sites.
- to regularly inspect all inhabited places in the barangay unit, to include residential houses, commercial establishment, schools, offices, churches and other buildings for any item or items that could serve as breeding places for mosquitoes;

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- d) To discourage keeping item or items concerned like old tires and batteries, steel or plastic drums, pails, empty bottles and jars, water tanks, or any scrap material that contain water as provided for in this Ordinance.
- e) To discourage schools and teachers from keeping flower vases, aquariums and fishponds that may contain stagnant water in the school premises and classrooms;
- f) To encourage all residents in the barangay to observe cleanliness and proper hygiene, like proper disposal of garbage and to see to it that no stagnant water is stored or kept in the vicinity;
- g) To strictly observe the 4'oclock daily habit of cleaning the surrounding and require all elementary and high schools and barangay officials and health workers to participate;
- h) To monitor all residents in the Barangay to be alert for any signs of dengue as defined by Department of Health;
- i) To promulgate other measures that could contribute to the prevention of outbreak of dengue in consonance with the provisions of this Ordinance;
- j) To request for appropriation of funds from the Sangguniang Panlungsod/Sangguniang Barangay should the need arise.

ARTICLE VII COMMUNITY CONTROL PROGRAM

There shall be a comprehensive city-wide Community Mosquito-Borne Diseases Control Program which shall include but is not limited to following;

- a) Information Drive
- b) Residual Spraying spraying of insecticides to places where mosquitoes are fund with utmost care so as not to contaminate water and food that may cause harmful effects to humans.
- c) Isolated Fogging application of fogging only on places which are identified as highly endemic under the close supervision of the City Health Officer and the Sanitary Inspector.
- d) Larvacciding application of larvicida; agents that will be applied or spread to known and verified breeding grounds of mosquitoes and other carriers as identified by the Sanitary Inspector.

ARTICLE VIII PROHIBITED ACTS

The following shall be considered as prohibited acts:

- a) Storing of old tires and batteries, steel or plastic drums, pails, empty bottles, jars and water tanks no longer in use and the failure to provide proper covering for the same especially if the foregoing contain water thus making them possible breeding for mosquitoes.
- b) Storing of rain or tap water on containers not properly covered when used in relation to the pursuit of business like, vulcanizing and battery repair shops.
- c) Failure of vacant lot owners to clear their property thus making it possible breeding grounds for mosquitoes. For failure of the lot owner to clean the premises the city health office may enter and clean the area without need the consent of the owner.

ARTICLE IX PENAL CLAUSE

Unless otherwise provided for in this Ordinance:

- a) Any person who shall violate, disobey, refuse, omit, or neglect to comply with any of the rules and regulations promulgated under this Ordinance shall be guilty of misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of ONE THOUSAND PESOS (P 1,000.00)
- b) Any person who shall interfere with or hinder, or oppose any officer, agent or member of the City Mosquito-Borne Diseases Task Force or Barangay Dengue Brigade in the







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performance of his duty as such under this Ordinance shall be guilty of an offense punishable upon conviction by fine of ONE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED PESOS ONLY (P 1,500.00)

c) Any person who shall tear down, mutilate, deface or alter any placard or notice, affixed to the premises in the enforcement of this Ordinance shall be guilty of an offense punishable upon conviction by a fine of TWO THOUSAND PESOS ONLY (P 2,000.00)

ARTICLE X ADMINISTRATIVE CLAUSE

This Ordinance covers the whole territorial jurisdiction of the City of Baybay, Leyte. Any revenues collected by the city or barangay arising from penalties or fines imposed in this Ordinance shall be held in a Trust fund at the Treasurer's Office. Use of the funds shall be for dengue monitoring and prevention activities only. Any officials who failed to execute their assigned duties on this ordinance shall be administratively discipline in accordance with the rules and regulations of civil service law.

ARTICLE XI ANNUAL BUDGET

Upon the passage of this Ordinance, the Chief Executive shall see to it that the provision of this Ordinance shall already be reflected and given the corresponding budgetary amounts of P 300,000.00 in the Annual Budget of the City of Baybay and every year thereafter.

Additional/supplemental budget, duly approved by the Sangguniang Panlungsod may be enacted to subsidized blood utilization and free Dengue Rapid Testing at the City Health Office Laboratory, in the event that Baybay City Task Force declares an outbreak of the disease.

ARTICLE XII REPEALING CLAUSE

All Ordinance which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.

ARTICLE XIII EFFECTIVITY CLAUSE

This Ordinance shall take effect upon approval after compliance with the provision of 511 of R.A. 7160.

ARTICLE XIV REPEALING CLAUSE

All Ordinance which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.

Enacted: August 13, 2018
Baybay City, Leyte, Philippines

RESOLVED FURTHER, to furnish copies of this Ordinance each to the City Mayor, Honorable Carmen L. Cari, the City Administrator, Deogracias E. Pernitez, the City Health Office, the City Legal Officer, Atty. Avito C. Cahig, Jr., the City Budget Officer, Raul A. Mabini, the City Accountant, Evelinda A. Oppus, the City Treasurer, Evelyn P. Relente, CLGOO Estela I. Creer, and to all other offices/agencies concerned for their information and appropriate action.









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CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

I HEREBY CERTIFY to the correctness of the foregoing ordinance which was duly adopted during the 29th Regular Session of the Sangguniang Panlungsod, this city, held on August 13, 2018.

ATTY. VIVIAN E. VIDALLON
SP Secretary

ATTESTED & CERTIFIED TO BE DULY ADOPTE

MICHAEL L. CARI

City Vice Mayor, Presiding Officer

With our concurrence:

ATTY. ERNESTO M. BUTAWAN

SP Member

ARTURO ELISA O. ASTORGA

SP Member

RODULÃO S. PALMA, JR.

SP Member

ALAND FERNANDEZ

SP Member

FILEMONE AVII A

SP Member

NATALIE B. ANDRES

SK Chairperson, City Federation

Ex-Officio, SP Member

EDGARDO R.OMPOY

SP Member

LEONCIO P. ASILOM, JR

SP Member

VICENTE VICTOR G. VELOSO

SP Member

DOMINADOR K. MURILLO, DM

SP Member

JORGE V. REBUCAS

SP Member

CART NICOLAS C CARL

President, LIGA Ng Mga Barangay

Ex-Officio SP Member

APPROVED BY HER HONOR:

CARMEN L. CARI

City Mayor